

Stipulated Exhibit 36

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COLE COUNTY, MISSOURI

RICHARD VON GLAHN,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.) Case No. 26AC-CC00440
)
DENNY HOSKINS, in his official)
capacity,)
)
Defendant.)

AFFIDAVIT OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF MISSOURI
REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE

STATE OF MISSOURI)
) ss.
COUNTY OF)

I, Miles Ross, of lawful age, being first duly sworn on my oath, state as follows:

1. I am the Executive Director of the Missouri Republican State Committee and that I am duly authorized to speak on its behalf.
2. The State Committee is the duly established state committee for the Missouri Republican Party under Section 115.603, RSMo.
3. Under Section 115.605, RSMo, the State Committee represents and acts for the Missouri Republican Party in the interim between party conventions.
4. The State Committee recruits, supports, and coordinates with Republican candidates for Congress; conducts voter registration, voter education, and get-out-the-vote programs; and allocates staff, volunteers, and funds across Missouri's congressional districts.

5. The Missouri Republican Party is composed of numerous affiliated organizations and committees that work toward the common goal of electing Republicans throughout the State, and the State Committee coordinates their work. The State Committee also works with the Republican National Committee and the National Republican Congressional Committee, both of which devote resources to supporting Republican candidates for Congress and to educating and turning out voters in Missouri.
6. House Bill 1, enacted by the General Assembly in 2025, redrew the boundaries of Missouri's eight congressional districts (the "HB1 map").
7. Candidate filing for Missouri's 2026 congressional primary elections opened on February 24, 2026 and closed on March 31. Candidates filed for, and campaigned for, office in the districts as drawn by HB1.
8. In reliance on the HB1 map, and beginning immediately after the passage of HB1, the State Committee organized its 2026 congressional election program around the HB1 districts. That work included the assignment of staff and volunteers by district, the allocation of budget among districts, the construction of voter targeting and voter contact universes keyed to the HB1 boundaries, the production of voter contact materials identifying each voter's HB1 district, the coordination of the eight congressional district committees under those boundaries, and allocation of funding towards each district based on the State Committee's assessment of priorities and needs across the eight districts as drawn by HB1.
9. As of the date of this affidavit, the State Committee has expended approximately \$34,000 and approximately 610 staff and volunteer hours

- on activities keyed to the HB1 district boundaries.
10. The August 4, 2026 primary election was conducted using the HB1 map. Republican voters in each of the eight districts as drawn by HB1 selected the Republican nominees who will appear on the November 3, 2026 general election ballot.
 11. Missouri will have a Republican candidate on the November 3, 2026 general election ballot for each of Missouri's eight congressional seats. The State Committee intends to support each of those candidates.
 12. If a congressional map other than the HB1 map were ordered into effect for the November 3, 2026 general election, the Republican nominees for Congress would stand for election before an electorate materially different from the electorate that nominated them on August 4, 2026. In all eight districts, voters who had no part in selecting a nominee would be asked to vote for that nominee, and would be unable to cast a ballot for the nominee they voted for in the August 4 primary.
 13. A change in boundaries would require the State Committee to reconstitute the affected congressional district committees to conform to the new boundaries, a process which has taken nearly twelve months so far and that would divert those committees from general election work already underway.
 14. The State Committee would be required to rebuild its voter targeting, contact, and turnout universes; to discard and re-produce voter contact materials; to reassign staff and volunteers among districts; and to reallocate its budget among districts. The approximately \$34,000 already expended on district-specific activities under the HB1 map would be lost and could not be recovered.

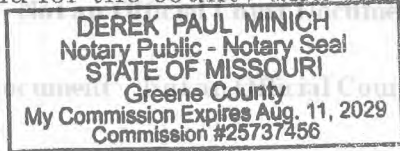
15. Every dollar and every hour spent redoing that work is a dollar and an hour not spent on voter registration, voter education, and turnout. The State Committee has no source of replacement funds for those expenditures.
16. A change of maps after the primary election would also cause substantial voter confusion. Voters who cast ballots in one congressional district on August 4, 2026 would be assigned to a different congressional district in November, and the State Committee would be required to expend additional resources informing those voters of the change. In my experience, voter confusion of this kind depresses both voter confidence and voter turnout.
17. Separately, if the proposed referendum is placed on the ballot, the State Committee would be required to fund and conduct a statewide campaign in opposition to it, including voter education regarding the referendum, turnout operations directed at defeating it, and public communications regarding its legal and policy defects. The State Committee estimates that effort would cost approximately \$1,000,000, which is not presently budgeted and would be drawn from funds otherwise committed to other races.
18. The harms described above cannot be undone once the ballot for the November 3, 2026 general election is set.

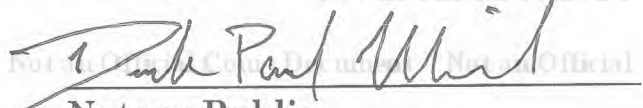
The foregoing is true and correct according to my best knowledge, information and belief.



Miles Ross

Subscribed and sworn to before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for the county and state aforesaid, on this 14 day of August, 2026.




Notary Public

My Commission Expires: 8/11/2029